

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LTD.

49th Annual Report and Accounts For the year ended June 30,2022

In the Name of Allah the merciful, the compassionate

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COMPANY'S INFORMATION

Board of Director	Mian Shahzad Aslam Mian Farrukh Naseem Mian Aamir Naseem Mr. Maqbool Hussain Bhutta Mr. Muhammad Abbas		
	Mr. Asim Mahmood Bahti	Independent Director	
	Mr. Muhammad Irfan	Independent Director	
Audit Committee:	Mr. Muhammad Irfan	Chairman	
	Mr. Muhammad Abbas	Member	
	Mr. Asim Mahmood Bahti	Member	
HR & R Committee:	Mr. Asim Mahmood Bahti	Chairman	
	Mr. Muhammad Irfan	Member	
	Mr. Muhammad Abbas	Member	
Chief Financial Officer:	Mr. Maqbool Hussain Bhutta		
Company Secretary:	Mr. Ahsan Raza		
Auditors:	Kamran & Co. Chartered Accountants Apartment # A/2, Ingola Apartments 24 Jail Road, Lahore.		
Bankers:	Habib Bank Limited		
	Muslim Commercial Bank Ltd.		
	Al-Baraka Bank Pakistan Ltd.		
Share Registrar	Corplink (Pvt) Ltd. Wings Arcade 1-K Commercial Modal Town, Lahore. Tel: 042-3561714, 35839182, 35916719		
Registered Office:	61-K, Gulberg III, Lahore.		
	Ph: 042-35763736 Fax: 042-35763768		
Mill:	8-Km, Faisalabad Road, Asl	amabad,	
	Khaareyanwala, Sheikhupura.		
	Ph: 056-3544053		

VISION STATEMENT

We aim at seeing our Mills to be a model manufacturing unit producing high quality yarn by complying with the requirements of Quality Management System and continuously improving its effectiveness for total customer's satisfaction. We wish to play a leading role in the spinning sector by keeping a substantial presence in the export and local markets.

MISSION STATEMENT

- 1. To install state of the art machinery and to acquire sophisticated process technology to achieve maximum growth in a competitive quality environment.
- 2. To make strenuous efforts to enhance profitability of the mills ensuring a fair return to the investors, shareholders and employees of the Company.
- 3. To exercise maximum care for improvement of quality of our products by employing a team of high skilled technicians and professional managers.
- 4. To strive hard to develop new markets for the sale of our products in export and local markets.
- 5. To improve customer's satisfaction level by adhering strictly to quality requirements of our customers in local and export markets and by improving communications with customers for receiving prompt feed backs about quality of our products.
- 6. To attend to the prompt resolution of customer's complaints by taking timely corrective measures to re-dress the quality complaints.
- 7. To improve logistic facilities for our customers dispatch programme and issue all shipments / delivery documents well in time.
- 8. To make comprehensive arrangement for the training of our workers/technicians.
- 9. To promote team work, sense of transparency and creativity in our professionals and technical people.

STATEMENTS OF ETHICS AND BUSINESS PRACTICES

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED has laid down the following business ethics and principles, the observance of which is compulsory for all the directors and staff members of the company in the conduct of company's business in order to protect and safeguard the reputation and integrity of the company at all levels of its operations. Any contravention of these ethics is regarded as misconduct. The company will ensure that all the executives and subordinate staff members are fully aware of these standards and principles.

1. Conflict of interest

All staff members are expected not to engage in any activity which can cause conflict between their personal interests and company's interests, such as:

- a) In effecting the purchase for the company and selling its products, the Directors and the staff members are forbidden from holding any personal interest in any organization supplying goods or service to the company or buying its products.
- b) The staff members should not engage in any outside business while serving the company.
- c) Staff member's are not permitted to conduct personal business in company's premises or use company's facilities for the same.
- d) If a staff member has direct or indirect relationship with an outside organization dealing with the company he must disclose the same to the management.

2. Confidentially

All staff members are required not to divulge any secrets / information of the company to any outside even after leaving the service of the company unless it is so required by a court of law. During the course of service in the company they should not disseminate any information relating to business secrets of the company without the consent of management.

3. Kickbacks

All staff members ate strictly forbidden not to accept any favour, gifts or kickbacks from any organization dealing with the company. In case if such a favour is considered, in the interest of the company, the same should be disclosed clearly to the management.

4. Proper Books of Accounts

All funds, receipt and disbursements should be properly recorded in the accounts books of the company. No false or fictitious entries should be made or misleading statement pertaining to the company or its operation should be issued. All agreements with agents, dealers and consultants should be made in writing supported with required evidence.

5. Relationship with Government officials suppliers and agents etc.

The dealings of the company with Government officials, suppliers, buyers, agents and consultants of the company should always be such that the integrity of the company and reputation is not damaged. Members having queries in connection with how to deal with these requirements should consult the management.

6. Health and Safety

Every staff members is required to take care of his health and safety and of those working with him. The management's responsibility for keeping its staff members insured government rules and regulations.

7. Environment

To preserve and protect the environment all staff members are required to operate the company's facilities and processes so as to ensure maximum safety of the adjoining communicates, and strive contiguously to improve environmental awareness and protections.

8. Alcohol, Drugs

All types of gambling and betting at the company's work places strictly forbidden. Also taking of any alcohols or drugs inside the work place is not allowed and any member of the staff, not abiding by these prohibitions will attract disciplinary as well as penal action under the law.

9. Coordination among staff members to maintain Discipline

All staff members will work in close coordination with their co-workers, superiors and colleagues. Every member will cooperate with other members so that the company's work carried out effectively and efficiently. All case of non-cooperation among staff members should reported to the management for necessary and suitable action. Strict disciplinary action will be taken against those staff members who violate the rules and regulations of the company.

10. Workplace harassment

All members of the staff will provide an environment that free from harassment and in which all employees are equally respected. Work place harassment means any action that creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment which may include sexual harassment, disparaging remarks based on gender, religious, race or ethnicity.

KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA

OPERATING	(Rupees in Thousands)					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Sale	3,795	12,677	2,449	1,300	-	-
Gross Profit / (Loss)	(7,426)	(1,890)	(2,089)	(644)	-	-
Operating Profit / (loss)	(1,136)	(22,606)	(23,666)	(16,694)	(19,504)	(23,404)
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(28,259)	0,322	(9,450)	(7,149)	(16,566)	(21,420)
Тах	26,270	2,434	2,203	(1,171)	(36)	-
Profit/(Loss) after tax	(1,989)	2,756	(7,246)	(8,320)	(16,602)	(21,420)
Total Assets	420,455	381,574	388,447	396,498	206,065	223,202
Current Liabilities	207,985	207,739	208,994	216,936	113,293	21,110
	212,470	173,835	179,453	179,562	92,772	202,092
REPRESENTED BY						
Share Capital	230,000	230,000	230,000	230,000	(176,740)	(159,481)
Reserves	(30,881)	(83,584)	(80,590)	(85,914)	165,318	165,318
Equity	199,118	146,417	149,410	144,086	11,442	(5,837)
Long Term Loans & Leases Deferred tax	13,351	27,419	30,043	35,475	(104,194)	(196,255)
	212,470	173,835	179,453	179,562	(92,772)	(202,092)

INDEPENDENTAUDITOR'SREVIEWREPORT TOTHEMEMBERSOFNAZIRCOTTONMILLSLIMITED

ReviewReportontheStatementofCompliance ContainedinListedCompanies(CodeofCorporateGovernance)Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code ofCorporateGovernance)Regulations,2019(theRegulations)preparedbytheBoardofDirectorsNazirCott on Mills Limited for the year ended June 30, 2022, in accordance with the requirements ofregulation360f the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of theCompany.OurresponsibilityistoreviewwhethertheStatementofCompliancereflectsthestatusofthe Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and tohighlightanynon -compliancewiththerequirementsoftheRegulations.Areviewislimitedprimarilyto inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the CompanytocomplywiththeRegulations.

Asapartofourauditofthefinancialstatementswearerequiredtoobtainanunderstandingoftheaccounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective auditapproach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internalcontrol covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internalcontrols,theCompany'scorporategovernanceproceduresandrisks.

TheRegulationsrequiretheCompanytoplacebeforetheAuditCommittee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on Our Review, because of the significance of non -compliance to Regulation no. 6, 7, 18, 19,27, 28 and 31, we believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect theCompany'scompliance, inallmaterial respects, with the requirement scontained in the Regulations pplicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Reference ofRegulati on	Description	Explanation
6,27 & 28	Independent Directors arenot from the database asnotified.	Independent Directors are to be appointed from the database as notified under the relevant regulations, and independent director is to be the chairman of Audit, Hr&RemunerationCommittee
7	Thereisno FemaleDirectorintheCompa ny.	AccordingtoRegulationEveryCompanyMusthaveatleas tonefemaledirector.

18,19	TherequirednumberofDire ctorshavenotparticipatedi ntheDirectorTrainingProgr am.	AccordingtoRegulationbyJune30,2022alldirectors on the panel of Board of directors musthavegonethroughDirectorTrainingProgram.
31	Thereisnointernalauditfun ction.	AccordingtoRegulation,everyCompanymusthaveanin ternalauditfunction.

We have also expressed an adverse opinion in our audit report to the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2022.

KAMRAN&CO CHARTEREDACCOUNTANTS ISLAMABAD December01,2022 CR202210107qIOEjygSM

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 49thAnnual General Meeting of the Shareholders of NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED will be held at Company's Registered Office, 61-K Gulberg III, Lahore on December 22, 2022 (Thursday) at 10:00 AM to transact the following business:-

Ordinary Business :

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on November 27, 2021
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 3. To appoint Auditors and fix their remuneration for the year ended June 30, 2023
- 4. To consider any other business which may be placed before the meeting with the permission of the Chair

By Order of the Board

Lahore: Dated: December 01, 2022 (MIAN SHAHZAD ASLAM)

Chief Executive Officer

Notes:

- 1. A member eligible to attend and vote at this Meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her. Proxies in order to be effective, must be received at **61-K Gulberg III, Lahore** the Registered Office of the Company not later than 48 hours before the time of the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- 2. The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from December 16, 2022 to December 22, 2022 (both days inclusive).
- 3. Members are requested to immediately notify the change in their addresses, if any.
- 4. Accounts holders and sub-account holders holding book entry securities in resp ect of the company in Central Depositary Company of Pakistan Limited, who wish to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to bring original Computerized National Identity Card for identification purpose.

5. Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, the members residing in a city and holding at least 10% of the total paid up share capital may demand the Company to provide them facility of video-link for participating in the meeting. The demand for video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar at the address mentioned above, at least 10 days prior to the date of the meeting on the Standard Form available on the company's website: www.nazircottonmills.com



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW

I am pleased to present the report on the overall performance of the Board of Directors and effectiveness of the role in achieving the objects of the Company.

During the year, the Board focused on the future restructuring. The Board regularly tracked the progress against the business plan. The committee of the Board worked diligently and focused on their terms of reference during the year under review.

The company is facing problem due to the close of its operation since 2009. The company has change the main line of business. The directors played their role in this regard efficiently. But the management still trying to obtain electricity connection and resume the main line of business company.

The Board has carried out review of its effectiveness and performance which is satisfactory. The Board evaluation during the year 2022 robustly considered in all aspects of the Board including the performance of the individual director, Board Committees and the Board as a whole.

I am happy to report that your Board continues to function effectively and is focused on priorities of the Company's business.

Maqbool Husain Bhutta

(Chairman)

Lahore: December 01, 2022

DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

The directors of your company welcome you to the Annual General Meeting and are pleased to present the company's audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Performance Review

The year under review shows that the company has incurred net loss of Rs. 1.989 Million after accounting for administrative expenses of Rs. 21,686 Million including depreciation of Rs.(15.306) Million as compared to last corresponding year's net profit of Rs. 2.756 Million.

Due to the unfavourable market condition ,the operation of the mill remained closed during the year under consideration. However, the new business of Dairy has been started.

The management is in opinion that if the company is succeeded to secure the electricity connection, the company will resume its commercial production of spun yarn.

Financial Results

The year under review was not good as the textile industry in Pakistan is still facing difficult period. The financial results of the company for the year under the review are as under:

	2022	2021
	Rupees	Rupees
Operating Profit/(Loss)	(29,111,299)	(22,606,256)
Financial charges	(806)	(2,978)
Other income	853,038	22,931,389
(Loss)/Profit before taxation	(28,259,467)	(322,155)
Taxation	26,270,605	2,434,038
(Loss)/Profit after taxation	(1,988,862)	2,756,193
Accumulated loss brought forward	(399,024,418)	(420,014,474)
Loss available for appropriation	(401,013,280)	(399,024,418)

Earning / (Loss) per share

Based on net loss for the year ended June 30, 2022, is Rs. (0.09) as compared to the profit per share of Rs. 0.12 in the preceding year ended June 30, 2021.

Dividend

No dividend has been declared by the company during the year due to loss

Auditors' Report

Auditors' has raised their observation about going concern of company. In assessing the going concern status of the Company, management has carefully assessed a number of factors covering the operational performance of the business, the ability to implement a significant debt restructuring of the Company's existing debts and the appetite of directors & associates to continue financial support.

Based on the analysis of these, and key management efforts and decisions as mentioned above, management is comfortable that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future.

Based on analysis of theses, key management decisions as mentioned in 'future outlook' the management is comfortable that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern in the foreseeable future.

The company has started the business of dairy. During the year under consideration, sales proceed was rupes 3,795 million the management in trying to extend the dairy business. The Management also trying to secure electric connection to resume its main line of business i.e spinning.

The Adverse Opinion of the auditor is based on the Following Points, which has been discussed below:-

REPLY TO AUDITORS QUALIFICATION:

- a) The members of the company have already passed a special resolution for change in principle line of business and are hopeful that once the economic situation of the country improves, the sponsors will inject sufficient funds for BMR as restart the textile operations.
- b) It is pending before Honorable Courts and every likelihood that will be decided in the favour of the company
- c) Revaluation adjustment has been provided and closing balance is accurate
- d) Resolution shall be placed before members for impairment in Sajjad textile mills limited.
- e) The return filed is deemed assessment u/s 120 of ITO 2001
- f) We are hopeful cases shall be decided in our favour
- g) As the company is striving to generate some profits, hence its difficult to fulfil procedural requirements that cost undue funds. However we are cognizant of our responsibility and shall try to fulfill our statutory obligations.
- h) Resolution shall be placed before members for impairment in CWIP, stores & trade debts.
- i) We shall get the cash count on time next year and ensure replies are received from the Banks
- j) Sale of biological assets are related to dairy farming business and hence presented as sales
- k) The company has only minimal staff required to operate the dairy operations and security and are remunerated properly

FheurerRegispects is fully aware of present challenges facing the textile industry specially spinning and making their efforts to revive the operation of mills subject to support of banks restoration of **Corporate Governance**

As required by the Code of Corporate Governance, directors are pleased to report that:

i. The financial statements, prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.

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ii. Proper books of accounts of the Company have been maintained.

- iii. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- iv. International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed.
- v. The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- vi. Management feels that there is no significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as going concern. We had already provided our reply on Auditors' Observation in this report and mitigating factors are also disclosed in detail.
- vii. There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations. Company has also constituted Audit Committee and HR &R Committee and its members are disclosed in annual report.
- viii. The detail of trading in shares of the Company, if any, carried out by the directors, CEO, CFO, and Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children is provided in pattern of shareholding annexed with this report.
- ix. No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year to which these financial statements relate and the date of Directors' report.
- x. Key operating and financial data for last six years is annexed.
- xi. The pattern of shareholding is also annexed.
- xii. The Company has fulfilled its major statutory and financial obligations.
- xiii. No dividend or bonus shares are declared because of loss during the year.
- xiv. Company has arranged in house training programs for its directors; however, most of directors meet criteria as laid down in code of corporate governance regarding directors' training.implemented and monitored.

Board of directors meeting

During the year, four (5) Meeting of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each Director at the Board Meetings as under:-

Name of the Directors	No. of Meetings A	Attended	
	BOD	HR	AC
Mian Shahzad Aslam	5	-	-
Mian Faruukh Naseem	5	-	-
Mian Aamir Naseem	5	-	-
Maqbool Hussain Bhutta	5	-	-
Mr. Asim Mehmood Bahti	5	4	4
Mr.Muhammad Abbas	5	4	4
Mr.Muhammad Irfan	5	4	4

Directors who could not attend Board Meeting due to illness or some other engagements were granted leave of absence in accordance with law.

Audit committee

The Board of Directors in compliance of Code of Corporate Governance has established an Audit Committee and the following Directors are its members.

Mr. Muhammad Irfan	Chairman
Mr. Muhammad Abbas	Member
Mr. Asim Mehmood Bahti	Member

Acknowledgement

The directors would like to place on record their appreciation for services rendered by the employees of the company who have contributed their optimum skills and hope that the same spirit of devotion will continue in future. In addition, we thank our stakeholders for trusting us.

Lahore Dated: December 01, 2022 For and on behalf of the Board (MIAN SHAHZAD ASLAM) Chief Executive

ڈائر بکٹرزر <u>پور</u>ٹ

سمپنی ڈائر یکٹرز نے30 جون، 2022 کواختنام پذیر ہونے والے مالی سال کے لئے، کمپنی کی سالا نہ رپورٹ، اُڈنڈ فائینشینل رپورٹ کے ہمراہ پیش کیے ہیں۔

سم**پنی پرفار منس:** روال مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کا نفع 1.989 ملین رہاجس میں انتظامی اخراجات 21.686 اور مثینوں کی گھسائی (15.306) ملین ہے جبکہ پچھلے سال کا نقصان (1.989) ملین تھا۔

روال مالی سال میں نامناسب مارکیٹ حالات کی وجہ سے تمینی کا کاروبار بندر ہا

 2022	2021	مالىنتائج
روپے(ہزاروں میں)	روپے (بزاروں میں)	
(29,112)	(22,606)	آ پریئنگ نقصان
(1)	(3)	آپریئنگ نقصان مالیاتی اخراجات
853	22,931	متفرق آمدني
(28,259)	(322)	(نفع نقصان) کیک سے پہلے
(26,270)	(2,434)	قيکس
(1,989)	(2,756)	(نفع نقصان) کیس کے بعد
(399,024)	(420,014)	(گزشته مجموعی نفع نقص ان)
 (401,013)	(399,024)	طےشدہ نفع نقصان
(0.02)	0.12	فى شئير نفع نقصان

مختلف آ پریشنل مشکلات (انربی اورگیس کی قیمتوں میں اضافے اور پرانٹ مارجن میں کمی) کی وجہ سے ل بدستور بندر ہی۔ کمپنی کی انتظامیہ آ پریشنل ڈھانچہ کی تنظیم نوکرر ہی ہے تا کہ موجودہ مشینری کی وجہ سے جوآ پریشنل نقصانات ہورہے ہیں اُن کوکم کیا جا سکے۔

مستقبل کے تناظر میں:

ا نظام یکوموجودہ مشکلات کا پوراانداز ہے جو کہ ٹیکٹائل کی صنعت خصوصاً سپینگ سیکٹر کودر پیش ہیں اوراسی کوشش میں کہل دومارہ تس طرح شرع کی جائے۔ سمپنی نے ڈیری کا کام شروع کردیا ہے جودہ سال میں 3.795 ملین کی وصولی ہوئی انتظام یہ اس کاروبار کو پڑھانے کی کوشش کررہی ہے اس کے ساتھ ساتھ بجل کا کنکشن بھی حاصل کرنے کی کوشش کی جارہی ہے تا کہ کپنی اپنااصل کام شروع کر سکے

آ ڈیٹرز کے مشاہدات ا اہلیت پر تبصر ب موجود دیرُ تشویش مفروضہ جات کمپنی سے آ ڈئیٹر نے کمپنی کی موجودہ صورت حال کوسا منے رکھتے ہوئے۔ خدشہ خاہر کیا ہے کہ کپنی ^{مستقت}ل میں اپنے جاری دجو دکو برقر ارندر کھ پائے گی۔ جس کا جواب درج ذیل ہے۔

Nazir Cotton Mills Limited Annual Report 2022 (1) کمپنی مےمبران پہلے ہی خصوصی قرار دادیاس کر چکے ہیں کمپنی کا کار دیار تبدیل کیا جائے۔امید کی جاتی کہ جو بی حالات بہتر ہوئے تو کمپنی کی بہتری کے لئے بیسہ لگا جائے گا ⁽²⁾ بەعدالت میں التواء ہے۔ امید کی جاتی ہے کہ فیصلہ کمپنی کے قق میں ہوگا (3) تصيح كردى گى باب بيلس منتج ب (4) ممبران کے سامنے قرار دادینیش کی جائے اور سجاد ٹیکسٹائیل کے صف کی دوبارہ مالیت لگائی جائے گ (⁵⁾ أَنَّمْ لِيس ريثرن جمع كرداني كَثْي ب جوكهآ رژر تهجها جاتا ب (5) اميد ب كەفيصلە ہمارے حق ميں ہوگا (6) کمپنی کی آمدنی کم ہے۔تاہم کمپنی کوشش کرئے گی (7) (۲) (8) ممبران کے سامنے قرار دادرکھی جائے گی کہ فاضل پرزہ جات کی دوبارہ مالیت کی جائے (9) الطحسال انشاءاللہ اس کوبھی حل کیا جائے گا (10) جانور کیونکہ ڈیری کا حصہ ہیںلہذاس کوڈیری سیل میں لیاجا تاہے (11) سمینی محد ودستاف سے کام جلار ہی اوران کو بورا معاوضہ دیا جاتا ہے کار پوریٹ اور مالیاتی ریورٹنگ فریم ورک کار پوریٹ گوزنن کے کوڈ کے تناظر میں، ہمارے کار یویٹ اور مالیاتی ریورنٹک فریم درک پر بیانات ذیل میں ہیں: 1- سمپنی کی انتظامیہ کی طرف سے تیار مالی بیانات، موجودہ امور، کا روباری معاملات کے نتائج، نقذی بہاؤ کے نتائج اور تیدیلیوں کو منصفانہ طور پر بیان کرتا ہے۔ مالی بیانات میں ا ثاثہ جات اور ذمہ داریاں تخمینہ شخلیل پر پیش کئے گئے ہیں۔ 2- کمپنی بےا کا دنٹس کی مناسب کتابوں کو برقر اررکھا گیاہے۔ 3-مالى بيانات اورا كاؤ عنى اندازون كى تيارى مناسب اكاؤ عنىك باليسول كولا كوكيا كيا ہے، اور يہ ياليسياں مناسب اوردانشمندانه فيصلوں يونى بيں۔ 4- یا کستان میں قابل بین الاقوامی اکا دُنٹنگ کے معیارات کی معیارات کی مالی بیانات کی تیاری میں پیروی کی گئی ہے،اوران یالیسیوں سے انحراف جھی ظاہر کر دیا گیا ہے۔ 5-اندرونی کنٹرول کے نظام کی مؤثر طریقے سے عملدرآ مدگی اورنگرانی کی گئی ہے۔ 6- مینجنٹ کومسوس ہوتا ہے حالیہ تشویش کے باوجود کمپنی کی صلاحیت پرکوئی قابل ذکر شک نہیں ہے۔ ہم نے پہلے ہی اس رپورٹ میں آڈیٹرز کے مشاہدات پر جواب داخل کرادیے ہی۔ 7۔لسٹنگ کے ضالطے میں کارپور بیٹ گوزنس کے بہترین طریقوں میں کوئی واضح انحراف موجود نہیں۔ شفصیلی طور پر،اضافہ ہور ہاہے۔کمپنی نے آڈٹ کمیٹی اور HR &R میٹی تشکیل دی ہےاوراس کے اراکین کے نام سالاندر پورٹ میں ظاہر ہیں۔ 8- سمپنی کے صص میں ٹریڈنگ کی تفصیل،اگرکوئی ہے تو، ڈائریکٹرز،CFO،CEO اور کمپنی سیکریٹری اوران کے اہل واعیال کی تفصیل شیئر ہولڈنگ ریورٹ میں پٹرن کے مطابق فراہم کی جاچکی ہے۔ 9- اس مالی سال کے آخرادرائس مالی سال کے درمیان، جس سے میہ مالی بیانات اور ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ تعلق رکھتے ہیں، تمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن کو متاثر کرنے والی کوئی خاطر خواہ تبديليان اوردعدوے داقع نہيں ہوئے۔ 10-اہم آپریٹنگ اورگزشتہ چوسال کا مالیاتی ڈیٹا اُن ریکارڈ ہے۔ 11- شيئر ہولڈنگ کا پیٹرن بھی اُن ریکارڈ ہے۔ 12- كمپنى نے اہم قانونى اور مالى ذمەداريوں كو پوراكيا ہے 13-رواں مالی سال خسارے کے باعث، کوئی منفعاتی پاپڈس شیئر ز جاری نہیں ہوئے۔ 14- کمپنی نے ڈائر یکٹرز کے لئے'' مرتب کئے ہیں،تاہم اکثر ڈائر یکٹر زاسٹریڈنگ کے معاطے میں کارپوریٹ گورٹنس کے معبار پر پورااتر تے ہیں۔ 15-رواں مالی سال کے دوران کسی ڈائر یکٹرنے کار بوریٹ گوزنس کی ٹریڈنگ حاصل نہیں کی

بورد آف دائريگ رز کي سالان پشخص: بورذ کمپنی میں تین اہم امور سرانجام دیتا ہے۔ بیست فراہم کرتا ہے۔(یعنی کمپنی کی اسٹرینجگ سمت کانعین کرتا ہے)۔ بیکنڑ ول کرتا ہے(یعنی انظام پر نظر رکھتا ہے)اور بید داور مشورہ فراہم کرتا ہے۔ بورڈ نے ایک اندرونی کارکردگی کی شخیص کاطریقہ کاروضع کیا ہے جو عام طور یران کر داروں اوران کے نتیجے میں آنے والی لازمی ذمہ داریوں کا جائزہ لیتا ہے اورنظرر کھتا ہے کہ کتنے موئز طریقے سےان ذمہداریوں کوادا کیا گیا ہے۔ بورڈ کی کارکر دگی کے جائزے میں بنیا دی طور پر ہید یکھاجا تا ہے کہ درج ذیل امورکو کیسے سرانجام دیا ہے۔ l) بورڈ کی ساخت، اس کی تشکیل، اس کا آئین، تنوع اور کمیٹریاں، اراکین کی مہارت، بورڈ اور کمپنی کے جارٹر (قوانین)اور اجلاسوں کی تعداداد ادرطریقہ کار۔ ب) بورڈ کے مرکات اور کام کاج، بورڈ کا سالا نہ کیلنڈر، معلومات کی دستیابی، سی امی او اور سینئرافسروں کے ساتھ گفت وشنیس اور مواصلات، بورڈ کاا چنڈا، بورڈ کے اجلاس میں میل جول اور شرکت کے معبار۔ پ) کاروباری حکمت عملی کانظم وضیط^{، م}یپنی کی حکمت عملی میں بورڈ کا کردار ت) مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کاعمل،اندرونی جائج پڑتال اور کنزول،متعلقہ یار ٹیوں کے ساتھ غیر منصفانہ لین دین کے پیش نظر مالی اور دیگر کنزول کے نظام کی سالمیت ،متحرک طریقہ کار اور خطرات سے نیٹنا۔ ۲) تگرانی کا کردار: پالیسیوں، حکمت عملی کا نفاذ اورنگرانی۔ ث) امدادی اور مشاورتی کردار۔ بور ڈاور آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاس بور ذآف ڈائر یکٹرز، بورڈ آڈٹ کمیٹن (BAC) اور HR&R کمیٹی میں سے ہرایک کے ڈائر یکٹر کی طرف سے اجلاس میں حاضری، حسب ذیل ہے: حاضري منعقدملا قاتوں کی تعداد AC HR&R BOB 1-ميان شنراداسكم 5 2-ميان فرخ نشيم 5 3-مياں عامر شيم 5 4-مقبول حسين بصثير 5 5- عاصم محمود بھٹی 5 4 4 6-محرعياس 5 4 4 7-محد عرفان 5 4 4 آڈیژز کمپنی کے آڈیٹرریٹائرڈ ہوئے اور الگلے سال دوبارہ تعیناتی کے لئے اہل ہیں۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی حسنین اینڈ کمپنی جارٹرڈا کاؤنٹٹس کی آئندہ سال کے لئے کمپنی کے آڈیٹرز کے طور پر دوبارہ تقرری کی سفارش کی ہے۔ اعترافيه بورذ آف ڈائر یکٹرز بینکوں اور مالیاتی اداروں کی امدادادر تعاون کے ساتھ ساتھ تمام ملاز مین اور کمپنی کے ٹھیکیداروں کی کوششوں بگن اور عزم اور تقسیم کاروں ، ڈیلرز ، سیلائرز اور اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے تعاون کاشکر یہادا کرتے ہیں۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر بکٹرز کی جانب سے جناب ميان شنراداسكم لاہور۔ دشمبر 2022, 01

16

سي-اي-او

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

The Nazir Cotton Mills Limited ("the Company") has complied with the requirements of the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations 2019 ("the Regulations") in the following manner:

1. The total number of directors is Seven as per the following.

a.	Male:	Seven
b.	Female:	None

2. The composition of the Board of Directors (the Board) is as follows:

a.	Category Independent	Mr. Muhammad Irfan Asim Mehmood Bhatti
b.	Director Executive Directors	Mian Shahzad Aslam
с.	Non-Executive Directors	Mian Farrukh Naseem Mian Amir Naseem Maqbool Husain Bhutta Mr. Muhammad Abbas

- 3. Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / Shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 ("the Act") and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of the Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board.
- 8. The Board of directors has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The Board remained fully compliant with the provision with regard to their training program. The majority of the Board members have the prescribed qualifications and experience required for exemption from training program of directors pursuant to regulation 20 of the Regulations.
- 10. The Board has approved appointment of CFO and Company Secretary, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.

- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board.
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
 - a. Audit Committee

Mr. Muhammad Irfan	(Chairman)
Mr. Muhammad Abbas	(Member)
Mr. Asim Mahmood Bhatti	(Member)

We have appoint independent director as Chairman of the Audit Committee in due course.

b. HR and Remuneration Committee

Mr. Asim Mahmood Bhatti	(Chairman)
Mr. Muhammad Abbas	(Member)
Mr. Muhammad Irfan	(Member)

We have appointed independent director as member of HR and Remuneration Committee in due course.

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the aforesaid committees were as per following:
 - a. Audit Committee: Four meetings during the financial year ended 30 June 2022
 - b. HR and Remuneration Committee: one meeting during the financial year ended 30 June 2022.
- 15. The board has not set up an internal audit function because the operation of the company has been suspended since last many years.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the Company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

Lahore Dated: December 01, 2022



INDEPENDENTAUDITOR'SREPORT

TO THE MEMBER OF NAZIR COTTON MILLS

LIMITEDREPORTON

THEAUDITOFTHEFINANCIALSTATEMENTS

ADVERSEOPINION

Wehaveauditedtheannexedfinancialstatements of **M/SNAZIRCOTTONMILLSLIMITED(thecompany)**, which comprises the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2022, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year thenended, and notes to the financial statement, including a summary of significant accounting policies and otherexplanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanation which, to the best of urknowledge and belief, we renecessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, because of the significance of the matters as discussed in basis for adverse opinion section of our report, the statement of financialposition, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity andthe statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof do not conform with the accounting andreporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and do not give information required by Companies Act, 2017

(XIXof2017),inthemannersorequired and respectively donot give a true and fairview of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

BASISFORADVERSEOPINION

- a) As explained in note 2 to the financial statements, the Company has ceased its textile manufacturingoperationsTheCompanywithoutanyadjustmentsforpointsbelowincurredlossduringtheyearamounti ngtoRs1.98millionresultinginaccumulatedlossesofRs.391.716million(2021:Rs.399.024million)atthecloseo ftheyearended30June2022.TheCompany'scurrentliabilitiesexceeditscurrentassetsbyRs.
 172.020 million (2021: Rs. 163.515 million). Moreover, short term borrowings from financial institutionsremained unpaid along with accruednarkup which is in litigation. The Company has been unable to arrangefresh financing for working capital and other purposes. The management of the Company did not provideus its assessment for going concern assumption used in preparation of these financial statements and thefuture financial projections indicating the economic viability of the Company. Moreover, the managementhasbeenunable tosatisfyuswithrespectto:
 - the willingness of the litigant financial institutions to restructure the terms and conditions andrepaymentsoftheirexistingloans. Theseconditions indicate the existence of material uncertainty which cast a significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in normal course of business. However, the financial statements, are prepared on going concern basis. Had the financial statements been prepared on a non -going concern basis of accounting, we believe that it would have had a significant negative effect on the Company's financial position and financial performance
 - $\bullet \quad letter of support as well as financial ability of sponsors and related parties for further cashin jection$
 - hiringofspecializedstaffforrecommencingofoperations
 - progressonnegotiationswithnewfinancialinstitutionsforworkingcapitalandBMRactivities

Basedontheauditevidenceobtained, webelieve that the Company will not be able to meet its obligations in the ordinary course of business. Accordingly, we do not agree with management's preparation and presentation of the financial statements on a going concern basis. However, the financial statements, are prepared ongoing concern basis. Hadthefinancial statements been prepared on an on-going concern basis of accounting, we believe that it would have had a significant negative effect on the Com pany's financial performance

- a) The Company has not provided for mark-up on loans from financial institutions owing to the dispute withfinancial institutions since the litigation, and no provision for cost of funds had been accounted for in thefinancial statements. In the absence of detailed working and the opinion of legal counsel (sought directly)oftheCompanyinthisregardwewereunabletodeterminetheamountofprovisionrequiredonaccountofa ccruedmark-up.
- b) The Company revalued its certain fixed ass ets on June 30, 2021, however Company incorporated therevaluation adjustment in currentyear. Moreover, the Company has not properly accounted for therevaluationsurplusinprioryearsbasedonpreviousrevaluationreportaswellandaccordinglyfixedassets,reval uation s urplus, depreciation expense and deferred tax has not been properly accounted for in thefinancialstatementsduringtheyearaswellinprioryears. Weareunabletoquantifytheimpactofthesameduetoli mitedinformationavailable.
- c) ThecompanymadeaninvestmentinSajjadTextileMillsLimitedwhichhasnegativeequityofRs388.749million as at June 30, 2022. The Company has still shown this investment in long term investments incurrentaswellinprioryears.Inouropinionthisamountshouldhavebeenimpairedinprioryearsasequityis negative. No impairment has been recognized in the financial statement against such investment in current year as well. Had the impairment been recognized in the financial statement, the company equity wouldhavebeenreducedbyRs.3.833 millionwith similar decreaseinlongterminvestments.
- d) The Company's filed its annual income tax return for the last year without charging minimum tax asprovided for in the financial statements and hence does not reconcile. Moreover, in our opinion the taxdepreciation schedule as per income tax return does not match. However, due to absence of confirmationfrom tax advisor of the Company, we are unable to quantify the difference and also confirm the status ofanytaxlitigations.
- e) We have not received confirmation from legal advisor of the Company, and hence unable to comment onthe contingencies and various cases against the company. Moreover, Company has booked arrears paid toWAPDA amounting to Rs 12.418 million as per the decision of Lahore High Court and booked the sameas advance. We are of the opinion, that in the absence of any stay order from competent authority, theamount may be disclosed in the financial statements but should not be recognized. However, we have notreceived anyconfirmationfromthelegaladvisoroftheCompany.
- f) The Company is not in compliance with certain requirements of Listed Companies (Code of CorporateGovernance) Regulations, 2019 and rules of Pakistan Stock Exchange and we have issued an adverse reviewreportonthestatementofcompliance. We are unable to determine any financial implication of the same.
- g) The Company gave advance in respect of dairy equipment and other related expenses for construction of dairy farm, however we have not received any direct confirmation from the party. This amount is appearing since 2020 without any movement, and in our opinion should be written off. Had the impairment been recognized in the financial statement, the company equity would have been reduced by Rs. 3.019 million with similar decrease in capital work in progress.
- a) The company's operations have remained closed for the past many years. Similarly, plant and machineryremained idle during theseyears. Resultantly, it is expected that therewill be an allowance forobsolescenceas there has been no movement in the quantities of stores, spares and loose tools. We believe that a provision for obsolescence amounting to Rs. 1.535 million be recognized in the financial statements in prior years. Had this provision been recognized in thefinancial statement, the company equity wouldhave been reduced byRs.1.535 millionwithsimilardecreaseinstores, spares and loose tools.

- b) The Company have trade debts amounting to Rs 1.066 million with minimal movement since 2019, however we have not received any direct confirmation from the debtors. In our opinion this should bewrittenoffinprioryears. Hadtheprovision been recognized in the financial statement, the company equity would have been reduced by Rs. 1.066 million with similar decrease intradedebts.
- c) Wewereunabletophysicalcountcashinhandasatyearendourappointmentwasmadeaftertheyearend.Moreover, we have not received any direct bank confirmation from the financial institutions and henceunabletoconfirmclosingcashandbankbalancesinthefinancialstatements.
- d) The Company has presented sale of calves in sales, with associated cost in cost of sales instead of classifyinghenetamountasotherloss.
- e) The Company has not provided for employee retirement benefits and other labour laws requirement, andweareunable toquantifyanyfinancial impactof the same.
- f) The cash flow statement for the comparative year shows cash inflow of Rs 12.26 million from sale ofbiologicalassets, whereasthe same amountisderecognized from the biological assets as appearing innote 14 to the financial statements. The amount derecognized should have been the fair value of the biological assets sold. Accordingly, fair value gain booked during the year is not accurate. In the absence of related information, we are unable to quantify the difference.
- g) We have not been provided with adequate information regarding nature of capital & revenue reserveappearinginthefinancialstatements.
- h) The Company has sponsor loan of Rs 122.175 million payable on demand and recognized as currentliability, however the Company does not have sufficient current assets to repay such liability on demand.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan.Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with theInternational Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional A ccountant* as adopted bythe Institute of CharteredAccountants of Pakistan (theCode) andwe havefulfilled our otherethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate toprovidea basisforouradverse opinion.

KeyAuditMatters

We havedeterminedthatthere arenoKeyauditmatterstocommunicateinourreport.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report There on

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statement to does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, indoing so, consider whether the other i nformation is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or ourknowledgeobtained in the auditor otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this otherinformation, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard, except certain non-compliances of statement of compliance on listed companies (code of corporate governance) regulations 2019 asmentioned inreviewreport onthestatement of compliance.

RESPONSIBILITIESOFMANAGEMENTANDBOARDOFDIRECTORSFORTHEFINANCIALSTA TEMENTS

Managementisresponsibleforthepreparationandfairpresentationofthefinancialstatementsinaccordancewith the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Acts,2017(XIXof2017)andforsuchinternalcontrolasmanagementdeterminesisnecessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statement, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continueasagoingconcern,disclosingasapplicable,mattersrelatedtogoingconcernandusingthegoingconcernbasisofa counting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realisticalternativebut todoso.

BoardsofdirectorsareresponsibleforoverseeingtheCompany'sfinancialreportingprocess.

AUDITOR'SRESPONSIBILITIESFORTHEAUDITOFFINANCIALSTATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free frommaterial misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit condu cted in accordancewith ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatement canarise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably beexpected to influence the economic decision of usertaken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional Judgment andmaintainprofessionalskepticismthroughout the audit.Wealso:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statement, whether due to fraud orerror, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that issufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a materialmisstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involvecollusion, forgery, intentionalomissions, misrepresentationsortheoverrideofinternalcontrol.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures thatareappropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of C ompany's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimateand relateddisclosuresmade bymanagement.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and,basedontheauditevidenceobtained,whetheramaterialuncertaintyexistsrelatedtoeventsorconditionsthat may cast significant doubt on company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude thata material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the relateddisclosure in the financial statements or, if such disclosure is inadequate, to modify our opinion. Ourconclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, futureevents or conditions maycausethe Companyto ceaseto continue asagoingconcern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of financial statements, including the disclosures and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transaction and events in a manner that achieve fairpresentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with the mall relationships and other matters that may reasona blybe thought to be ar onour independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of mostsignificance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's rep ort unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about thematter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in

our report because the adverse consequences of doings owould reasonably be expected to outweight hepublic interest benefits of such communication.

REPORTONOTHERLEGALANDREGULATORYREQUIREMENTS

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion because of the significance of matter stated in basis of adverse opinion section of our report above:

- a) Proper books of account have not been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017(XIXof2017);
- b) The statements of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, thestatement of changes in equity and the statement of cas h flows together with the notes thereon have notbeendrawnupinconformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and, are not in agreement with the bo oksofaccount and return;
- a) Investmentmade, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during they earwere for the purpose of company's business; and
- b) NoZakat wasdeductibleatsourceundertheZakatandUshrOrdinance,1980(XVIIIof1980).

OTHERMATTER

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2021 were audited by another firm of charteredaccountants, whose report dated 06 November 2021 expressed an adverse opinion on the aforementioned financial statements.

The engagement partner on the auditre sulting in this independent auditor's report is Mr. Kamil Fatah (FCA).

KAMRAN&CO CHARTEREDACCOUNTANTS ISLAMABAD o1stDecember2022 AR202210107HW4Li3aIY

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2022

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	6	230,000,000	230,000,000
Capital reserve -Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	7	315,050,789	269,656,698
-(Deficit) / surplus on remeasurement of available for sale investments	8	(479,125)	(479,125)
-Capital reserve	Ū	434,000	434,000
Revenue reserve			,
Accumulated loss		(391,716,397)	(399,024,418)
Revenue reserve - general		45,829,500	45,829,500
		199,118,767	146,416,655
Non-current liabilities			
Deferred taxation	9	13,351,661	27,418,585
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	960,014	771,777
Short-term borrowings	11	206,896,985	206,896,985
Income tax liability		127,522	70,591
		207,984,521	207,739,353
Contingencies and commitments	12	-	-
Total equity and liabilities		420,454,949	381,574,593
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	13	375,748,312	324,103,144
Capital work in progress		3,019,890	3,019,890
Biological assets	14	1,884,000	6,388,942
Long term investment	15	3,838,000	3,838,000
		384,490,202	337,349,976
Current assets			
Stores, spare parts and loose tools	16	1,534,873	1,534,873
Trade debts	17	1,066,924	1,066,924
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	18	12,604,817	12,515,184
Cash and bank balances	19	20,758,133	29,107,636
		35,964,747	44,224,617
Total assets		420,454,949	381,574,593

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

	Chief Executive Officer	Director	Chief Financial Officer
Lahore.		24	
		24	

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE IN FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

	Note	30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
Sales - net	20	3,795,401	12,677,304
Cost of sales	21	11,221,300	14,567,817
Gross loss		(7,425,899)	(1,890,514)
Other operating income	22	853,038	22,931,389
Administrative and general expenses	23	21,685,800	20,715,742
Finance cost	24	806	2,978
		21,686,606	20,718,720
(Loss) / profit before taxation		(28,259,467)	322,155
Taxation	25	26,270,605	2,434,038
(Loss) / profit after taxation		(1,988,862)	2,756,193
Other comprehensive income for the year Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
(Deficit) / surplus arising on measurement of available for sale -investments to fair value		-	-
-investments to fair value			(5,749,500) (5,749,500)
			(0,740,000)
Revaluation surplus pertaining to property, plant and equipment Related deferred tax		66,951,587 (12,260,613)	-
		54,690,974	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		52,702,112	(2,993,307)
(Loss) / profit per share (basic and anti-dilutive)	26	(0.09)	0.12

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

Chief Financial Officer

Lahore.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

A CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Loss) / profit before taxation Old liabilities written back Gain on disposal of property plant and equipment Gain on disposal of biological assets Surplus on revaluation of biological assets Adjustment for depreciation on property, plant and equipment Finance cost Operating loss before working capital changes	Note 22 22 22 13 24	30 June 2022 Rupees (28,259,467) - 2,807,792 (128,350) 15,306,419 806 (10,272,800)	30 June 2021 Rupees 322,155 (1,500,000) (20,098,790) - (1,087,883) 12,315,881 2,978 (10,045,659)
 Working capital changes Decrease / (increase) in current assets Trade debts Deposits, prepayments and other receivables Increase in trade and other payables Cash used in operating activities Income taxes paid Finance cost paid Net cash used in operating activities	18	- 17,000 188,236 205,236 (10,067,564) (106,633) (806) (10,175,003)	(71,240) - (59,547) (130,787) (10,176,446) (13,132) (2,978) (10,192,556)
B CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of biological assets Payment for acquisition of biological assets Cash generated from investing activities	13 14	- - 1,825,500 - 1,825,500	(550,000) 27,500,000 12,261,041 (2,959,500) 36,251,541
C CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from short-term borrowing (net) Cash generated from financing activities NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (A CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF THE YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF THE YEAR	A+B+C) 19 19		234,000 234,000 26,292,985 2,814,651 29,107,636

The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive Officer

Director

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Chief Financial Officer

Lahore.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Incremental depreciatio assets for the year (net As at 30 June 2022	sive	As at 30 June 2021	As at 30 June 2020 Profit for the year - Other Comprehensive Income	
Incremental depreciation on revaluation of assets for the year (net of tax) As at 30 June 2022	Profit for the year - Other Comprehensive Income	Incremental depreciation on revaluation of assets for the year (net of tax) Surplus realised during the year on disposal As at 30 June 2021	Income	
230,000,000		-	230,000,000 - -	Share capital
434,000		434,000	434,000	Capital reserves
(479,125)		(479,125)	5,270,375 (5,749,500)	Capital -(Deficit) / surplus on remeasuremen t of available for sale investments
(9,296,883) 315,050,789	- 54,690,974	(6,994,607) (7,161,074) 269,656,698	283,812,379 	Reserves Surplus on revaluation of assets
45,829,500		45,829,500	45,829,500	General Revenue reserve - General
9,296,883 (391,716,397)	(1,988,862) -	6,994,607 7,161,074 (399,024,418)	(415,936,292) 2,756,193 -	<i>Revenue</i> Accumulated loss
- 199,118,767	(1,988,862) 54,690,974	- - 146,416,655	149,409,962 2,756,193 (5,749,500)	Total equity
Chief Exe	cutive Office	er l	Director	Chief Financial Of

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The annexed notes from 1 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Lahore.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

1 STATUS AND ACTIVITIES

Nazir Cotton Mills Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017) and is quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The principle business of the Company is manufacturing and sale of yarn and the other related / allied operations. The members of the Company has authorised to enter into a new line of business of dairy farming. Following is the detail of addresses of the Company.

Description	Location
Registered office	61 K, Gulberg III, Lahore
Manufacturing facility	8 KM, Faisalabad Road, Aslamabad, Kharianwala, Sheikhupura

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRSs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

3 NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

3.1 Initial application of International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year:

There were certain amendments in accounting and reporting standards which became effective for the Company for the current year. However, these are considered not to be relevant or have any significant impact on the Company's financial reporting and therefore have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

3.2 IFRSs, IFRIC interpretations and accounting standards not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company:

There were certain amendments in accounting and reporting standards that are not yet effective and are considered either not to be relevant or to have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements and operations and therefore have not been disclosed in these financial statements.

4 BASIS OF PREPARATION

4.1 Measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention except for modifications stated elsewhere in these financial statements.

4.2 Significant accounting judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the accounting and reporting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company+s accounting policies.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the process of applying the Company÷saccounting policies, the management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements:

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

a)	assumptions and estimates used in determining the recoverable amount,	(notes 5.1 and 13)
	residual values and useful lives of property and equipment;	(notes 5.1 and 15)
b)	Fair value of biological assets	notes 5.14 & 14)
	assumptions and estimates used in determining the provision for slow	(notes 5.17 and
c)	moving stores, spares and loose tools;	16)
	assumptions and estimates used in disclosure and assessment of provision	(notes 5.12, 12
d)	for contingencies; and	and 5.21)
e)	assumptions and estimates used in determining current income under	
	relevant tax law and decisions of appellate authorities issued in past.	(notes 5.3 and 25)

relevant tax law and decisions of appellate authorities issued in past. (notes 5.3 and 25) Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated, are based on historical experience / other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under circumstances.

4.3 Functional and presentational currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates. These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

4.4 Going concern assumption

The financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in normal course of business. The Company has incurred recurring losses resulting in accumulated losses of Rs. 391.716 million (2021: Rs. 399.024) million at close of the year ended 30 June 2022. The Company÷scurrent liabilities exceed its current assets by Rs. 172.020 (2021: Rs. 163.515) million.

The Company had ceased its operations from many years due to working capital. However, subsequent to the reporting date, the management is taking steps to recommence operations and are in negotiations with financial institutions to obtain funds to manage working capital requirements. The Company managed its liquidity constraints thru financing from its sponsors and its ability to continue as a going concern is dependent on continued financing from sponsors. Management is of view that the company will restart its commercial production in foreseeable future. Management's efforts for obtaining finances from financial institutions are not so far materialized, however, management is confident that efforts will be realized and that the Company will be able to continue as a going

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

5.1 Property, plant and equipment

Items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost / revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Free hold land is stated at revalued amount less impairment loss, if any. Cost comprises purchase price, including duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates and includes other costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction including expenditures on material, labor and overheads directly relating to construction, erection and installation of items of property, plant and equipment.

Assets'residual values, if significant and useful lives are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each statement of financial position date. When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are recognized as separate items of property, plant and equipment. Subsequent costs are recognized as a part of asset, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Depreciation is charged by applying the reducing balance method over estimated useful life at the rates specified in note 16 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions to property, plant and equipment is charged from the date at which they are available for use while no depreciation is charged for the date at which it is disposed off. The useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed on periodic intervals to ensure that the methods and period of depreciation charged during the year are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of property, plant and equipment.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Gains and losses on sale of an item of property, plant and equipment are determined by comparing the proceeds from sale with the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment, and are recognized in statement of profit or loss. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to the income during the period in which they are incurred.

5.2 Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets

Surplus arising on acquisition being the difference between fair value of the assets acquired and the consideration paid is recognized as income over the remaining useful life of the assets acquired. Increase in carrying amounts arising on revaluation of property, plant and equipment are recognized, net of tax, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation surplus in shareholders' equity. To the extent that increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in the statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same assets are first recognized in other comprehensive income to the extent of remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the statement of profit or loss. Differences between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to the statement of profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, net of tax, is reclassified from revaluation surplus on property plant and equipment to unappropriated profit.

5.3 Taxation

Income tax expense comprise current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognized in profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in 'profit and loss account / statement of comprehensive income' or 'equity', in which case it is recognized in 'profit and loss account / statement of comprehensive income' or 'equity'.

a) Current

Provision for current taxation is the amount computed on taxable income at the current rates of taxation or alternative corporate tax computed on accounting income or minimum tax on turnover, whichever is higher, and taxes paid / payable on final tax basis, after taking into account tax credit available, if any. The charge for the current tax also includes adjustments where necessary, relating to prior vears which arise from the assessments made / finalized during the vear.

b) Deferred

Deferred taxation if applicable, is provided using liability method for all temporary differences at the reporting date between tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes. In this regard effects on deferred tax of the portion of income subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the requirements of "TR27" of ICAP. Deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses, if any, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which such temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at rates that are expected to be applied to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax is charged in the profit and loss account, except in the case of items credited or charged to equity, in that case it is included in equity.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

5.4 Mark-up bearing borrowings

Mark-up bearing borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, mark-up bearing borrowings are stated at amortized cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognized in the statement of profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

5.5 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or 'at fair value through profit or loss'. A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held for trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Any gain or loss on de-recognition is also recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

5.6 Financial assets

a) Initial measurement

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

- (i) at fair value through profit or loss
- (ii) at fair value through comprehensive income
- (iii) measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

b) Subsequent measurement

The financial assets are subsequently measured as follows:

(i)	Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest / markup or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.
(ii)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost	These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.
(iii)	Debt investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On de-recognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.
(iv)	Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in statement of profit or loss unless dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never

reclassified to the statement of profit or loss.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

c) De-recognition of financial assets

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

5.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the financial position at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and balances with banks and short-term deposits which are held to maturity.

5.8 Trade debts and other receivables

a) Financial assets

These are classified at 'amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date of transaction, plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, trade debts and other receivables are recognized and carried at original invoice amount less an estimated allowance made for doubtful receivables based on review of outstanding amounts at the year end. Provision for impairment of trade debts and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of receivables. Significant financial difficulties of debtors, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that trade receivable is impaired. Debts, considered irrecoverable, are written off, as and when identified. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

b) Financial assets

These on initial recognition and subsequently are measured at cost.

5.9 Trade and other payables

a) Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

b) Non-financial liabilities

These on initial recognition and subsequently are measured at cost.

5.10 Dividend distribution

a) Dividend distributions

Dividend is recognized as liability in the period in which it is declared.

Dividend to ordinary shareholders is recognized as a deduction from accumulated profit in statement of changes in equity and as a liability, to the extent it is unclaimed, in the Company÷s financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by Company÷s shareholders.

b) Appropriations

Appropriations of profit are reflected in the statement of changes in equity in the period in which such appropriations are approved.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

5.11 Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are recognized as part of the cost of that asset. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred.

5.12 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. The amount recognized as provision reflects best estimate of expenditure required to settle present obligation at end of reporting period. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect best estimates.

5.13 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and the Company intends to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.14 Biological assets

Livestock are measured on initial recognition and at end of each reporting period at their fair value less costs to sell. Fair value of livestock is determined by an independent valuer on the basis of best available estimate for livestock of similar attributes. Costs to sell are incremental costs directly attributable to the disposal of an asset mainly comprise of transportation cost. Milk is initially measured at its fair value less costs to sell at the time of milking. The fair value of milk is determined based on market prices in the local area.Gains or losses arising from changes in fair value less costs to sell of livestock and milk are recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

5.15 Investments

All investments are initially recognized at cost, being fair value of the consideration given including acquisition charges associated with investments and are classified as either held for trading or available for Sale. After initial recognition, investments held for trading or available for Sale are measured at fair value.

Gains and losses on investments held for trading are recognized in income. Gains and losses on investments available for sale are recognized as separate component of equity until investments are sold, disposed off or determined to be impaired, at which time the accumulated gain/loss previously reported in equity is included in income.

5.16 Ordinary share capital

Ordinary share capital is recognized as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as deduction from equity.

5.17 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

These are normally held for internal use and valued at moving average cost less allowances for obsolete and slow moving items except stores in transit which are valued at invoice values plus other charges incurred thereon up to the balance sheet date. For items which are slow moving and/ or identified as surplus to the Company's requirements, adequate impairment is recognized. The Company reviews the carrying amount of stores, spare parts and loose tools on a regular basis and provision is made for obsolescence.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

5.18 Stock-in-trade Basis of valuations are as follows: *Particulars*

Raw material Work-in-process Finished goods

Mode of Valuation

at lower of weighted average cost and net realizable value at estimated manufacturing cost at lower of cost and net realizable value

Cost in relation to work-in-process and finished goods represents average manufacturing cost which consists of prime cost and proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal capacity. Net realizable value signifies selling price in ordinary course of businessless estimated costs of completion and estimated cost necessary to make the sale.

5.19 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized when performance obligations are satisfied by transferring control of good or service to a customer and control transfers over time or at point in time. Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable excluding discounts, rebates and government levies.

5.20 Impairment

a) Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have negative effect on estimated future cash flows of that asset. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics.

b) Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in statement of profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in estimates used to determine the recoverable amount and loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

5.21 Contingents

- a) Contingent liabilities are disclosed when:
- (i) there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- (ii) there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

b) Contingent assets

Contingent assets are disclosed when there is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by occurrence or non-occurrence of uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. These are not recognized until their realization become certain.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

5.22 Earnings per share ("EPS")

The Company calculates both basic and diluted EPSin accordance with IAS 33 "Earnings per Share". Under IAS 33, basic EPSis computed using weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPSis computed using weighted average number of shares outstanding plus dilutive effect of stock options outstanding during the year.

5.23 Related party transactions

Related party transactions are carried out on an arm÷slength basis. Pricing for these transactions are determined on the basis of comparable uncontrolled price method, which sets the price by reference to comparable goods and services sold in an economically comparable market to a buyer unrelated to the seller. The accounting methods adopted for various types of transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

a) Sale of goods and services

Revenue from sale of goods and services to related parties is recognized in accordance with the revenue recognition policy of the Company for such transactions. Receivables against sale of goods outstanding at the reporting date are carried at amortized cost in accordance with the accounting policy of the Company for such balances.

b) Purchases of goods and services

Purchases of goods from related parties are recognized at actual cost to the Company. Payables against purchases from related parties outstanding at the reporting date are carried at amortized cost in accordance with the accounting policy of the Company for such balances.

c) Dividend distribution

Distribution to related parties having shareholding in the Company is recognized in accordance with the accounting policy of the Company for dividend distribution to ordinary shareholders.

5.24 Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income is the change in equity resulting from transactions and other events, other than changes resulting from transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders. Total comprehensive income comprises of all the components of statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Other comprehensive income comprises of all the items of income and expense, including reclassification adjustments, that are not recognized in profit or loss as required or permitted by approved accounting standards, and is presented in 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income'.

5.25 Figures

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest of rupee.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

		30 June 2022 Number o	30 June 2021 f shares	30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
SHARE CAPITAL					
Authorized capital Ordinary shares of Re	s. 10 each	25,000,000	25,000,000	250,000,000	250,000,000
Issued subscribed a		al			
Ordinary shares of Re - fully paid in cash	s. 10 each	20,312,530	20,312,530	203,125,300	203,125,300
- fully paid as bonus s		2,317,470	2,317,470	23,174,700	23,174,700
- fully paid in conside and assets of Sargod	ha Textile Mills Lir				
as per bifurcation sch the Honorable High (y 370,000	370,000	3,700,000	3,700,000
Ū.		23,000,000	23,000,000	230,000,000	230,000,000

6.1 There is no movement in capital of the Company during the year.

6.2 The Company has only one class of ordinary shares which carry no right to fixed income.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Rupees	Rupees
-SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Surplus on revaluation		
At beginning of the year	295,369,267	312,381,900
Less: Surplus arisen during the year	66,951,587	-
Less: Surplus on disposal during the year	-	(7,161,074)
Less: Incremental depreciation for the year	(13,094,201)	(9,851,559)
At end of the year	349,226,653	295,369,267
Less: Related deferred tax		
At beginning of the year	25,712,569	28,569,521
Less: surplus arisen during the year	12,260,613	-
Less: Incremental depreciation for the year	(3,797,318)	(2,856,952)
At end of the year	34,175,864	25,712,569
Net surplus on revaluation	315,050,789	269,656,698

- 7.1 The Company, had revalued its freehold land, buildings on freehold land and plant and machinery on 30 June 2015 and 30 June 2019 and 30 June 2021 by independent valuers. The latest revaluation was carried out by independent valuer M/s. Alnoor Consultants and evaluators (who are on the list of approved valuers of Pakistan Banks' Association) and revaluation adjustments were incorporated accordingly during the year. The said revaluation exercises were carried-out to replace the carrying amounts of assets with the market values / depreciated market values.
- 7.2 The basis of revaluation are as under:

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Freehold land
The value is based on inquiries in the activity of land and also information obtained from different sources in the area. (Forced Sale Value | 2021: Rs. 214,479,360).
Buildings on freehold land
The value of building is based on information of construction details, covered areas and quality of constructions were noted and new rate of construction per square foot was determined based upon estimates of balance life to arrive at new construction value. (Forced Sale Value | 2021: Rs. 78,207,968).
Plant machinery
Plant machinery is based on inquiries from the local market, market based comparisons and setting price of machinery to obtain prevalent replacement values of similar local and imported machinery items. (Forced Sale Value | 2021: Rs. 48,000,000).

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

					30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
8	•	FICIT) / SURPLUS ON REMEASUR	EMENT OF AVAI			
	Fair v	value reserve		- note 8.1	(479,125)	(479,125)
					(479,125)	(479,125)
	8.1	This represents the unrealized (lo value and is not available for dis income on realization.	, .			
	8.2	Reconciliation of 'fair value rese	erve is as under:			
		Opening balance			(479,125)	5,270,375
		Fair value adjustment during the y	ear		-	(5,749,500)
		Closing balance			(479,125)	(479,125)
					(470,120)	(470,120)
9	DEFE	ERRED TAXATION				
		Deferred tax liability on taxable	temporary diffe	rences		
		Accelerated tax depreciation on p	roperty, plant and	equipment	(20,824,203)	1,706,015
		Surplus on revaluation of property			34,175,864	25,712,569
					13,351,661	27,418,585
	9.	1 Movement in deferred tax due to	o taxable / (dedu	ctible) temporary	differences -	
			Opening	statement of	statement of	Closing
			balance	profit or loss	OCI	balance
	As at	t 30 June 2022				
	Accel	lerated depreciation	1,706,015	(22,530,218)	-	(20,824,203)
	Surpl	us on revaluation of fixed assets	25,712,569	(3,797,318)	12,260,613	34,175,864
			27,418,584	(26,327,536)	12,260,613	13,351,661
	9.	2 Deferred tax asset amounting to losses amounting to Rs. 55.98 m not probable that future taxable deferred tax assets. Unused tax I in 2024 and 2025 respectively.	illion (2021: Rs. profits will be a	30.26 million) has available against v	not been recogniz which the Compan	ed because it is y can utilize the
					30 June 2022	30 June 2021
					Rupees	Rupees
10	TRAI	DE AND OTHER PAYABLES				
		ued liabilities			613,832	218,537
	Other	r liabilities			346,182	553,240
					960,014	771,777
11	-Fron	RT-TERM BORROWINGS n financial institutions				
		b Bank Limited		- note 11.1	13,258,000	13,258,000
		nic Investment Bank Limited		- note 11.2	71,464,211	71,464,211
		n others sor's loan		- note 11.3	122,174,774	122,174,774

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206,896,985

206,896,985

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

11.1 The loan is secured against first E/M charge for PKR69.325 million on land measuring 35 Kanals 12 Marlas, toghether with factory building, plant & machinery located at 11 K.M. Sheikhupura, Fisalabad Road Kharianwala, Distt. Sheikhupura and hypothecation charge of PKR243.860 million on current assets of the Company. This loan was earlier settled by the State Bank of Pakistan in December 29, 2004 which had resulted in reduction of the liability by Rs. 3.580 million with no further markup to be provided subject to provisions that if the Company failed to repay any of the installment than the agreement would stood cancelled and the bank would be entitled to recover the original outstanding amount without any reduction. The Company failed to repay the installments and the Bank filed a suite for recovery of its original liability for Rs. 39,741,015 on October 22, 1999 which was consent decreed for PKR40,080,000 on January 26, 2001. The management believes that Bank is only entitled to recover its original outstanding liability without any further markup, hence no markup has been provided.

11.2 Break up of the loan is as follows,

Principal	17,698,386	17,698,386
Frozen markup	20,354,000	20,354,000
Accrued markup	33,411,825	33,411,825
	71,464,211	71,464,211

The loan was repayable in sixteen quarterly installments w.e.f. April 1, 1999. It carries mark-up @20% per annum. Accrued mark-up has been frozen and kept in a separate account. The new mark-up on diminishing principal is also being kept in same account and repayment of this mark-up would start subject to the entire repayment of the principal amount. This loan and mark-up account are secured by Personal guarantees of directors except nominee director and mortgage of fixed assets to the tune of Rs.20 million. The liquidator of Islamic Investment Bank has been appointed. The management is of the opinion that as the bank is a shareholder in the profit/(losses) and that the matter is pending in the Peshawar court of law of the Company, therefore, no markup is payable. The company has filed a suit against the bank to recover the share of losses amounting to Rs. 110.0 million.

11.3 This represents unsecured and interest free loan obtained from sponsors of the Company to meet the Company'spast B.M.R. plans and liquidity problems, this loan is repayable on demand. The maximum aggregate amount due at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 122.17 million (2021: Rs. 122.17 million).

12 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies and Commitments

Execution petition No. 231-E/2007 titled Habib Bank Limited vs. Nazir Cotton Mills Limited for recovery of Decretal amount of Rs. 39,741,015 filed by Habib Bank Limited against Nazir Cotton Mills Limited and others on January 12, 2007 before the Banking Court No. II, Lahore. The appeal is filed by Nazir Cotton Mills Limited before the Lahore High Court Lahore against the order dated March 16, 2015 passed by Banking Court No. II, Lahore in Execution No. 231-E/2007. The management is hopefull that there is substantial likehood of the judgement in their favour.

Islamic Investment Bank (in liquidation) and case has been shifted from Lahore High Court to Peshawar High Court because, the liquidation process will be completed in Peshawar. This loan and mark-up account are secured by Personal guarantees of directors except nominee director and mortgage of fixed assets to the tune of Rs.20.0 million. The liquidator of Islamic Investment Bank has been appointed. The management is of the opinion that as the bank is a shareholder in the profit/(losses), therefore, the company has filed a suit against the bank to recover the share of losses amounting to Rs. 110.0 million and that the matter is pending in the Peshawar High Court, hence, no markup is payable. Now case is transfered to Lahore High Court.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

13.4 Particulars of immovable property in the name of the Company are as follows:

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	Manufacturing facility		Area
	8 KM, Faisalabad Road, Aslamabad, Kharianwala, Sheikhupura		18.618 Acres
		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
		Rupees	Rupees
BIOLO	DGICAL ASSETS		
Buffalo	os - note 14.1	1,015,837	3,938,629
Cows		132,040	582,040
Calfs		736,124	1,653,274
Bull		-	215,000
		1,884,000	6,388,942
14.1	Reconciliation of changes in carrying amount		
	Carrying amount at beginning of the year	6,388,942	14,602,600
	Increase due to purchases	-	2,959,500
	Decrease due to disposal	(4,633,292)	(12,261,041)
		1,755,650	5,301,059
	Changes in fair value less cost to sell:		
	Due to price changes	128,350	1,087,883
	Carrying amount at end of the year	1,884,000	6,388,942

14.2 At June 30, 2022, livestock comprised 8 Buffalos, 2 Cows, 13 Calves (2021: 29 Buffalos, 7 Cows, 26 Calfs and 1 Bull) including Nil immature animals (2021: 14 immature Baffalos and 5 immature Cows). During the year 2022, the mangement sold 21 Buffalo, 5 Cows and 13 Calves.

14.3 The valuation of livestock as at 30 June 2022 has been carried out by independent valuers. In this regard, the valuers examined the physical condition of the livestock, assessed the key assumptions and estimates and relied on the representations made by the Company as at 30 June 2022. Further, replacement values of similar livestock from active markets in local market have been used as basis of valuation by the independent valuers.

15		30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
	Un-quoted (Available for sale investment)		
	Sajjad Textile Mills Limited		
	383,300 (2021: 383,300) Ordinary shares of Rs.10/- each	3,833,000	3,833,000
	Sargodha Industrial Urban Development Co-operative Society Limited		
	50 (2021: 50) Ordinary shares of Rs. 100/- each.	5,000	5,000
		3.838.000	3 838 000

The company holds 1.802% (2021: 1.802%) share holding in Sajjad Textile Mills Limited and account for 15.1 this investment on face value.

	30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS		
Stores	1,805,733	1,805,733
Spare parts and loose tools	-	-
	1,805,733	1,805,733
Less: Provision for obsolete items	(270,860)	(270,860)
	1,534,873	1,534,873
	Stores Spare parts and loose tools	STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS Rupees Stores 1,805,733 Spare parts and loose tools - Less: Provision for obsolete items (270,860)

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

17	Local Local	E DEBTS - unsecured but considered good - unsecured but considered doubtful Provision for expected credit losses The movement in provision for impairment of receivables is as for Opening balance Less: balance recoverd during the year	30 June 2022 Rupees 1,066,924 164,890 1,231,814 (164,890) 1,066,924 ollows: 164,890	30 June 2021 Rupees 1,066,924 164,890 1,231,814 (164,890) 1,066,924 145,362 (145,362)
		Add: charge for the year Closing balance		<u> </u>
		-	104,090	104,090
	17.2	ageing analysis of trade debts is as follows: Not past due Past due	126,830	126,830
		1 - 90 days	940,094	940,094
		91-180 days	164,890	164,890
			1,231,814	1,231,814
18	DEPO	SITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		
		sit with WAPDA	12,418,302	12,418,302
	Secur	ity deposits	73,500	73,500
	Advan	ice income tax	106,633	-
	Other	receivables	6,382	23,382
			12,604,817	12,515,184
19	CASH	AND BANK BALANCES		
15		in hand	5,174,915	5,189,564
	-Curre	ent accounts	61,542	312,969
	-Savin	g accounts	15,521,676	23,605,103
			<u>15,583,218</u> 20,758,133	23,918,072
			20,758,155	29,107,030
	19.1	Mark up rate in respect of savings accounts ranges from 7.25% to 13.	25% (2021: 7.25%	to 12.50%) per a
20		S - NET		
	Sale c		1,969,901	1,335,630
	Sale c	f biological assets	<u>1,825,500</u> 3,795,401	<u>11,341,674</u> 12,677,304
			5,735,401	12,011,304

21 **COST OF SALES** Salaries, wages and benefits 2,931,778 612,451 Utilities 1,416,826 579,279 Other direct expenses 2,239,404 4,446,232 Cost of biological assets 4,633,292 8,929,855 11,221,300 14,567,817

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

			30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
22				
	Profit on bank deposits		710,888	99,354
	Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		-	20,098,790
	Gain on fair value measurements of biological assets		128,350	1,087,883
	Liabilities written back		-	1,500,000
	Reversal of expected credit loss allowance		-	145,362
	Other income		13,800	-
			853,038	22,931,389
23	ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
	Director's remuneration		2,287,500	2,400,000
	Salaries, wages and benefits		1,096,530	3,113,312
	Traveling and conveyance		119,550	91,833
	Printing and stationery		73,425	59,281
	Postage, telephone and telex		45,830	50,110
	Repair and maintenance		169,288	234,807
	Entertainment		26,665	49,729
	Rent, rates and taxes		238,450	210,750
	Electricity, water and gas		439,108	272,795
	Fees and subscription		759,169	684,457
	Legal and professional		472,000	303,000
	Auditors' remuneration		470,000	205,000
	Newspapers and periodicals		7,820	22,220
	Advertisement		89,000	40,575
	Provision for bad debts		-	164,890
	Miscellaneous expenses		85,046	497,102
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment		15,306,419	12,315,881
	– - Fr		21,685,800	20,715,742
	23.1 Auditors' remuneration			
	Audit fee		420,000	140,000
	Fee for interim review and other certifications		50,000	65,000
			470,000	205,000
24	FINANCE COST			
-	Bank charges		806	2,978
25	TAXATION			
	Current		56,931	190,160
	Deferred	- note 9.1	(26,327,536)	(2,624,198)
			(26,270,605)	(2,434,038)

25.1 Current year

Provision for current year's taxation has been made in accordance with the relevant provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

25.2 Prior period assessments

Income tax assessments of the Company have been finalized up to tax year 2021 in accordance with the deeming provisions under section 120 (1) of the Ordinance.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

25.3 Numerical reconciliation of income tax expense

As the provision for current year's taxation is in accordance with the minimum taxation under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001, hence no numerical reconciliation is presented in the financial statements.

		_	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
26	(LOSS) / PROFIT PER SHARE (BASIC AND ANTI-DILU]	-		
	Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	(Rupees)	(1,988,862)	2,756,193
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares	(Number)	23,000,000	23,000,000
	Profit per share - basic and anti dilutive	(Rupees)	(0.09)	0.12
		<i></i>		

26.1 There is no anti dilutive effect on the basic loss per share of the Company. Moreover, there are no anti dilutive potential ordinary shares outstanding as at 30 June 2022 and 2021.

		30 June 2022	30 June 2021
7	PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION		
	Number of spindles installed	28,800	28,800
	Installed capacity after conversion into 20 / S counts (kilograms)	7,776,000	7,776,000

27.1 The company's operations remained suspended due to financial constraints and litigations with banks.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	Number of e	mployees
NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES		
Total number of employees at end of year	17	17
Average number of employees during the year	16	16

29 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

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The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to obtain a reasonable mix between the various sources of finance to minimize the finance related risks to the entity. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

a) Credit risk; b) Liquidity risk; and c) Market risk

The Company's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

29.1 Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishment and over-sight of the Company'srisk management framework. The executive management team is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company÷srisk management policies. The team regularly meets and any changes and compliance issues are reported to the Board of Directors of the Company.

Risk management systems are reviewed regularly by the executive management team to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company+sactivities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

29.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties failed completely to perform as contracted. The Company does not have significant exposure to any individual counterparty. To manage credit risk the Company maintains procedures covering the application for credit approvals, granting and renewal of counterparty limits and monitoring of exposures against these limits. As part of these processes the financial viability of all counterparties is regularly monitored and assessed. To mitigate the risk, the Company has a system of assigning credit limits to its customers based on an extensive evaluation based on customer profile and payment history. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

29.2.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was:

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
At amortized cost	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts	1,066,924	1,066,924
Trade deposits	12,604,817	12,515,184
Bank balances	20,758,133	29,107,636
	34,429,874	42,689,744

29.2.2 Credit quality of financial assets

Based on above information, the Company is exposed to minimal credit risk.

29.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under both normal and stressed conditions.

For this purpose the Company has sufficient running finance facilities available from various commercial banks to meet its liquidity requirements. Further liquidity position of the Company is closely monitored through budgets, cash flow projections and comparison with actual results by the Board.

29.3.1 Exposure to liquidity risk

(a) Contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

	Carrying	Contractual	Not later than	Later than 1
		Rupe	es	
as at 30 June 2022				
Short-term borrowings	206,896,985	206,896,985	206,896,985	-
Trade payables	960,014	960,014	960,014	-
	207,856,999	207,856,999	207,856,999	-
as at 30 June 2021				
Short-term borrowings	206,896,985	206,896,985	206,896,985	-
Trade payables	771,777	771,777	771,777	-
	207,668,762	207,668,762	207,668,762	-

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis could occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amount.

29.4 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing return.

29.4.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is not exposed to currency risk.

29.4.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Significant interest rate risk exposures are primarily managed by a mix of borrowings at variable interest rates. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

Fixed rate financial instruments

The Company do not have any financial instrument bearing fixed rate of interest (2021: Nil).

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore change in interest rates at reporting date would not affect profit and loss. - Variable rate financial assets and liabilities

	30 Jui	ne 2022	30 June	2021
	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities
		Rupee	es	
Short-term borrowings		206,896,985	-	206,896,985

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

Change of 1% in interest rates at reporting date would have varied profit before tax as shown below. Analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant.

		it before tax
basis points	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
(% age)	Rupees	Rupees
1.00%	2,068,970	2,068,970
	, (% age)	(% age) Rupees

The above analysis is not necessarily indicative of effects on profit for the year, assets and liabilities.

29.4.3 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The Company is not exposed to any price risk as there are no financial instruments at the reporting date that are sensitive to price fluctuations.

30 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a transaction between market participants at measurement date. Investment in associates are carried using equity method. Carrying values of other financial assets / liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate their fair values. Underlying the definition of fair value is presumption that the Company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially scale of its operation or to undertake transaction on adverse terms. A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis. IFRS13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires entity to classify fair value measurements and hierarchy that reflects significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)

- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the (Level 2) asset either directly (that is, derived from prices)

- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data inputs (Level 3) Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred. The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value. The Company has not disclosed the fair values for some financial assets and financial liabilities, as these are either short term in nature or reprice periodically. Therefore, their carrying amounts are reasonable approximation of fair value.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

31 CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company÷s objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the company÷s ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

The Company manages its capital structure which comprises capital and reserves by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, appropriation of amounts to capital reserves or/and issue new shares.

There was no change to the Company's approach to capital management during the year and the Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements except for maintenance of debt to equity ratio under the financing agreements.

	30 June 2022	30 June 2021
	rupees in	ח '000
Total debt	206,897	206,897
Total equity and debt (including surplus on revaluation of operating assets)	199,326	146,624
Debt-to-equity ratio	104%	141%

Neither there were any changes in the Company÷sapproach to capital management during the year nor the Company is subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

32 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

32.1 Disclosure of transactions between the Company and related parties

The related parties of the Company comprise of associated undertakings, directors of the Company, key management personnel and entities under common directorship.

Outstanding balances are reported in respective notes to the financial statements.

Significant transactions with related parties other than disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements are as follows:

Nature of relation	Nature of transactions	30 June 2022 Rupees	30 June 2021 Rupees
Sponsors	Loan received	-	1,031,000
	Loan repaid	-	(797,000)
	Amount due at year end	122,174,774	122,174,774

32.2 Following is the detail of related parties, however, no transaction have been entered into by the Company with them during the current year.

Company Name	Basis of relationship
Sargodha Textile Mills Limited	Common directorship
Sajjad Textile Mills Limited	Common directorship
Silver Fiber Spinning Mills Limited	Common directorship

33 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

During the year the Company has paid remuneration of Rs. 2,287,500 (2021: 2,400,000) to the chief executive and no remuneration has been paid to the directors. Moreover, no fee had been paid to directors for attending meetings of the board of directors.

No employee falls under the definition of executive as per Companies Act, 2017.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

34 OPERATING SEGMENTS

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These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

- All the sales of the Company are made to customers located inside Pakistan.
 - All non-current assets of the Company at 30 June 2022 are located in Pakistan.

35 RECLASSIFICATIONS AND RE-ARRANGEMENTS

Corresponding figures have been re-classified and re-arranged, wherever necessary, to reflect more appropriate presentation of events and transactions for the purpose of comparison. However, no significant re-classification and re-arrangements are made in the financial statements.

36 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been approved by the board of directors of the Company and authorized for issue on 01 December 2022.

	Chief Executive Officer	Director	Chief Financial Officer
I			

Lahore.

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNI	MILLS LIMITED FORMING PART OF T ENDED 30 JUNE 2022	T OF THE E 2022	FINANCIAL	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	TS			
		Carrying Amount	Amount			Fair Value	alue	
Financial instruments on reporting date	Fair value through OCI	Amortized cost	Other liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
as at 30 June 2022				Rupees -				
Financial assets / liabilities measured at fair value								
	0,000,000			0,000,000		0,000,000		0,000,000
Financial assets not measured at fair value	ıred at fair value	1 066 024	ı	1 066 024	ı	1 066 024	ı	1 066 024
Trade deposits		12,604,817	·	12,604,817	I	12,604,817	ı	12,604,817
Bank balances		20,758,133	ı	20,758,133	I	20,758,133	ı	20,758,133
	1	34,429,874		34,429,874		34,429,874		34,429,874
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	sured at fair valu	le -	206 968 902	206 806 985	•		•	•
Trade payables	I	ı	960,014	960,014	·	·		
			207,856,999	207,856,999	1		1	
as at 30 June 2021								
Financial assets / liabilities measured at fair value								
Long term investment	3,838,000			3,838,000		3,838,000		3,838,000
Financial assets not measured at fair value	ıred at fair value							
Trade debts	ı	1,066,924		1,066,924	ı	1,066,924	ı	1,066,924
Trade deposits	ı	12,515,184	ı	12,515,184	I	12,515,184	I	12,515,184
Bank balances	1	29,107,636	1	29,107,636	1	29,107,636	1	29,107,636
		42,689,744	1	42,689,744		42,689,744		42,689,744
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value	sured at fair valu	Ie						
Short term borrowings	I	I	206,896,985	206,896,985		ı	·	
I rade payables	.		111,111	111,111				.
			201,000,102					

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

2022

an appeal for recovery of the said amount from WAPDA in the Supreme Court. The management is hopeful of a decision in their favour. decided the case in favor of WAPDA. The company had deposited Rs. 12.4 million with WAPDA for electricity case as per orders of the Lahore High Court and has filed WAPDAhad filed a suit against the company for recovering of arrears amounting to Rs. 12.4 million before the Lahore High Court Lahore. The Lahore High Court had

Pakistan Stock Exchange had placed the Company in defaulter's segment due to non compliances with the regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange

Other than above, there is no known contingent liability and commitments as on year end (2021: Nil).

13 Reconciliation of carrying values at beginning of the year - 30 June 2022

	COST	COST / REVALUED AMOUNTS	OUNTS		DEPRECIATION		BOOK VALUE	Annual
PARTICULARS	As at	Additions for	As at	As at	Charge for	As at	As at	rate of
	1/July/2021	the year	30/June/2022	1/July/2021	the year	30/June/2022	30/June/2022	de∎.
				Rupees				% age
Freehold land								1
Cost	6,931,554	I	6,931,554	I	Ī	I	6,931,554	I
Revaluation	206,705,236	24,673,610	231,378,846	I	Ī	I	231,378,846	I
	213,636,790	24,673,610	238,310,400	ı	ı	ı	238,310,400	
Factory building on freehold land	old land							
Cost	1,366,437	ı	1,366,437	136,644	122,979	259,623	1,106,814	10
Revaluation	69,104,425	34,927,977	104,032,402	13,252,820	9,077,958	22,330,778	81,701,624	10
	70,470,862	34,927,977	105,398,839	13,389,464	9,200,937	22,590,401	82,808,438	
Plant and machinery								
Cost	22,041,749	I	22,041,749	2,204,175	1,983,757	4,187,932	17,853,817	10
Revaluation	42,958,251	7,350,000	50,308,251	10,145,825	4,016,243	14,162,068	36,146,183	10
	65,000,000	7,350,000	72,350,000	12,350,000	6,000,000	18,350,000	54,000,000	
Electric installations	9,108,541	ı	9,108,541	8,982,915	18,844	9,001,759	106,782	15
Laboratory equipment	2,207,748	I	2,207,748	2,187,329	3,063	2,190,392	17,356	15
Office Equipment	1,094,571	I	1,094,571	621,327	70,987	692,314	402,257	15
Air conditioner	156,699	I	156,699	154,842	371	155,213	1,486	20
Fire Fighting equipment	1,053,552	I	1,053,552	1,047,568	898	1,048,466	5,086	15
Fans	228,154	I	228,154	227,152	150	227,302	852	15
Furniture and fixtures	915,829	I	915,829	886,954	2,888	889,842	25,987	10
Tube well	966,025	I	966,025	960,565	819	961,384	4,641	15
Arms and ammunition	29,885	I	29,885	28,409	148	28,557	1,328	10
Computers	368,983	I	368,983	300,088	6,890	306,978	62,005	10
Motor vehicles	534,536	I	534,536	532,418	424	532,842	1,694	20
Total - 30/ lune/2022	365.772.175	66,951,587	432,723,762	41,669,031	15,306,419	56,975,450	375,748,312	

Nazir Cotton Mills Limited Annual Report

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022
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13.2 Reconciliation of carrying values at beginning of the year - 30 June 2021

	COST	COST / REVALUED AMOUNTS	UNTS		DEPRECIATION		BOOK VALUE	Annual
PARTICULARS	As at	Additions for	As at	As at	Charge for	As at	As at	rate of
	ויסמואיקסקס	uie year	1 Z07/AUDE/202	ויסמועיבטבט	uie year		1 707/aunr/nc	de e .
				Rupees				% age
Freehold land								
Cost	6,931,554	1	6,931,554	ı	I	1	6,931,554	ı
Revaluation	214,106,446	(7,401,210)	206,705,236	I	I	I	206,705,236	ı
	221,038,000	(7,401,210)	213,636,790	ı	ı	ı	213,636,790	
Building on freehold land								
Cost	1,366,437	1	1,366,437	1	136,644	136,644	1,229,793	10
Revaluation	69,104,425	1	69,104,425	7,047,086	6,205,734	13,252,820	55,851,605	10
	70,470,862	1	70,470,862	7,047,086	6,342,378	13,389,464	57,081,398	
Plant and machinery								
Cost	22,041,749	1	22,041,749	1	2,204,175	2,204,175	19,837,574	10
Revaluation	42,958,251	1	42,958,251	6,500,000	3,645,825	10,145,825	32,812,426	10
	65,000,000	-	65,000,000	6,500,000	5,850,000	12,350,000	52,650,000	
Electric installations	9,108,541	ı	9,108,541	8,960,746	22,169	8,982,915	125,626	15
Laboratory equipment	2,207,748	ı	2,207,748	2,183,726	3,603	2,187,329	20,419	15
Office Equipment	544,571	550,000	1,094,571	537,813	83,514	621,327	473,244	15
Air conditioner	156,699	I	156,699	154,378	464	154,842	1,857	20
Fire Fighting equipment	1,053,552	I	1,053,552	1,046,512	1,056	1,047,568	5,984	<u>ح</u>
Fans	228,154	I	228,154	226,975	177	227,152	1,002	15
Furniture and fixtures	915,829	I	915,829	883,746	3,208	886,954	28,875	10
Tube well	966,025	I	966,025	959,602	963	960,565	5,460	15
Arms and ammunition	29,885	ı	29,885	28,245	164	28,409	1,476	_
Computers	368,983	I	368,983	292,433	7,655	300,088	68,895	10
Motor vehicles	534,536	1	534,536	531,888	530	532,418	2,118	20
Total - 30/.lune/2021	372 503 385	(6 851 210)	365.772.175	00 010 100		41.669.031	324.103.144	

Plant and machinery Building- on freehold land Freehold land

30 June 2022 6,931,554 1,106,814 17,853,817 25,892,185 Rupees 30 June 2021 Rupees 19,837,574 27,998,921 6,931,554 1,229,793

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Nazir Cotton Mills Limited Annual Report 2022

THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017 (Section 227(2)(f))

FORM 34

30-06-2022

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED 1.1 Name of the Company

2.1. Pattern of holding of the shares held by the shareholders as at

-----Shareholdings------2.2 No. of Shareholders From То **Total Shares Held** 52 100 1 851 186 101 500 89,732 1,000 96 501 95,011 245 1,001 5,000 755,850 100 5,001 10,000 819,912 10.001 30 15,000 393.236 23 15,001 20,000 443,550 18 20,001 25,000 425,600 8 25,001 30,000 225,999 5 30,001 35,000 162,340 6 35,001 40,000 233,640 4 40,001 45,000 170,665 8 45,001 50,000 395,000 3 50,001 55,000 157,000 2 55,001 60,000 120,000 1 60,001 65,000 64,500 2 65,001 70,000 136,000 1 70,001 75,000 75,000 1 75,001 80,000 76,000 1 80,001 85,000 84,000 1 85.001 90.000 88.500 2 95,001 100,000 200,000 3 105,001 110,000 329,070 1 115,001 120,000 117,000 2 125,001 130,000 258,689 1 140,001 144,088 145,000 3 150,001 155,000 458,000 2 155,001 160,000 312.200 1 170.001 175.000 172.500 2 175,001 180,000 353,154 1 180,001 185,000 181,500 2 185,001 190,000 371,106 1 200,001 205,000 201,000 1 210,001 215,000 212,500 225,001 1 230,000 227,500 3 260,001 265,000 791,582 1 275,001 280,000 276,553 1 285,001 290,000 287,000 1 335,001 340,000 340,000 1 410,001 415,000 410,720 460,001 465,000 1 461,674 500,000 1 495,001 500,000 580,001 1 585,000 584,220 1 630,001 635,000 634,707 1 730,001 735,000 731,441 865,001 870,000 866,888 1 1 945,001 950,000 949,720 1 1,315,001 1,320,000 1,320,000 1 1,405,001 1,410,000 1,406,500 1 2,273,302 2,270,001 2,275,000 1 2,610,001 2,615,000 2,615,000

23,000,000

2.3 Categories of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
2.3.1 Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	6,136,509	26.6805%
2.3.2 Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties. (Parent Company)	0	0.0000%
2.3.3 NIT and ICP	0	0.0000%
2.3.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions.	1,000	0.0043%
2.3.5 Insurance Companies	0	0.0000%
2.3.6 Modarabas and Mutual Funds	0	0.0000%
2.3.7 Shareholders holding 10% or more	4,998,302	21.7317%
2.3.8 General Public a. Local b. Foreign	15,828,217 23,000	68.8183% 0.1000%
2.3.9 Others (to be specified) 1- Joint Stock Companies	1,011,274	4.3968%

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	Nazir Cotton Mills Limited CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS		ONLY FOR INFO NOT FOR PRIN	
	AS ON 30th June, 2022 NAME TORS. CEO THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN		HOLDING	% AGI
1	MR. SHAHZAD ASLAM		2,273,302	9.883
1	MIAN SHEHZAD ASLAM (CDC)		2,615,000	11.369
	MIAN SHAHZAD ASLAM (CDC)		110,000	0.478
2	MR. FARRUKH NASEEM (CDC)		500,000	2.173
3	MR. AAMIR NASEEM (CDC)		634,707	2.759
4	MR. MUHAMMAD ASGHAR		500	0.002
5	MR. MUHAMMAD INSON IK MR. MUHAMMAD IRFAN		2,000	0.002
6	MR. MUHAMMAD ABBAS		500	0.002
7	MR. MAQBOOL HUSSAIN BHUTTA		500	0.002
/	MR. MAQDOOD HOSSAN DHOT IA	-	6,136,509	26.680
ASSOC	LATED COMPANIES	-	0	0.000
<u>NIT & </u>	ICP	-	0	0.000
FINAN	CIAL INSTITUTION			
1	INVEST CAPITAL INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED		1,000	0.004
		-	1,000	0.004
MODA	RABA & MUTUAL FUNDS	-	0	0.000
JOINT	STOCK COMPANIES			
1	SHAKARGANJ MILLS LIMITED		30,100	0.130
2	HARVEST SMARTRENT SECURITIES (PVT.) LTD.		19,000	0.082
3	HIGHLINK CAPITAL (PVT.) LTD.		14,000	0.06
4	FAIR EDGE SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.		1,500	0.00
5	MAZHAR HUSSAIN SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED		8,000	0.034
6	UNITED CAPITAL SECURITIES PVT. LTD.		31,000	0.134
7	DARSON SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED		110,000	0.478
8	KAI SECURITIES (PVT) LIMITED		8,500	0.037
9	DURVESH SECURITIES (PVT) LTD.		3,500	0.015
10	SALIM SOZER SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED (CDC)		461,674	2.007
11	HH MISBAH SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED (CDC)		10,000	0.043
12	SAAO CAPITAL (PVT) LIMITED (CDC)		1,500	0.006
13	SHADAB INNOVATIONS (PRIVATE) LIMITED (CDC)		100,000	0.434
14	TARIQ CAPITAL (PRIVATE) LIMITED (CDC)	_	212,500	0.923
		-	1,011,274	4.396
<u>EXECI</u>	TIVE	-	0	0.000
	ES HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (LOCAL)		15,828,217	68.818
<u>SHARE</u>	<u>IS HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (FOREIGN)</u>	-	23,000	0.100
		-	15,851,217	68.918
		TOTAL:	23,000,000	100.000

SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 10% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL

S. No.	Name	Holding	% AGE		
1	MR. SHAHZAD ASLAM	4,998,302	21.7317		
		4,998,302	21.7317		
SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL					
S. No.	Name	Holding	% AGE		
1	MR. SHAHZAD ASLAM	4,998,302	21.7317		
2	MR. YASIR NASEEM (CDC)	1,406,500	6.1152		
3	SEEMA SAJJAD (CDC)	1,320,000	5.7391		
		7,724,802	33.5861		

During the financial year the trading in shares of the company by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children is as follows

S. No.	NAME	SALE	PURCHASE
1	MIAN SHEHZAD ASLAM (CDC)		2,000
2	MR. AAMIR NASEEM (CDC)		143,988

Dear Sir, please check at your end

Nazir Cotton Mills Limited Categories of Shareholding required under Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) As on June 30, 2022

Sr. No.	Name	No. of Shares Held	Percentage		
Associated	Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise Detail):	-	-		
Mutual Fu	nds (Name Wise Detail)	-	-		
Directors	and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):				
1	MR. SHAHZAD ASLAM	4,998,302	21.7317		
2	MR. FARRUKH NASEEM (CDC)	500,000	2.1739		
3	MR. AAMIR NASEEM (CDC)	634,707	2.7596		
4	MR. MUHAMMAD ASGHAR	500	0.0022		
5	MR. MUHAMMAD IRFAN	2,000	0.0087		
6	MR. MUHAMMAD ABBAS	500	0.0022		
7	MR. MAQBOOL HUSSAIN BHUTTA	500	0.0022		
Executive	s:	-	-		
Public Se	Public Sector Companies & Corporations:				
Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance1,0000.0043Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds:0.0043					
Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail)					
1	MR. SHAHZAD ASLAM	4,998,302	21,7317		
2	MR. YASIR NASEEM (CDC)	1,406,500	6.1152		
3	SEEMA SAJJAD (CDC)	1,320,000	5.7391		
All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children shall also be disclosed:					
		SALE	PURCHASE		
spouses a	and minor children shall also be disclosed:				

Dear Sir, please check at your end

NAZIR COTTON MILLS LTD. FORM OF PROXY

The Corporate Secretary , NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMITED, 61-K, Gulberg III, Lahore.

I/We		
of		being a member(s) of
NAZIR COTTON MILLS LIMIT	ED, and holder of	ordinary shares
as per share Registered Folio No.		———— Hereby appiont
Mr./Mrs./Miss		
of		
(being a member of the Company) my/our behalf, at the 43rd Annual Ge office, 61-K, Gulberg III, Lahor and at every adjournment thereof.	eneral Meeting of the Com	pany to be held at the Registered
As witness my hand this	day of	2022.
Signed by the said in the presence	of	
With an	Signature	
Witness	Signature	Affix Revenue Stamp
must be duly stamped, sign	eight hours before the time ned and witnessed.	for holding the meeting and
(2) Signature must agree with	the specimen signature regi	stered with Company.

- (3) No Person shall act as Proxy unless he/she is a member of the Company.

 Registered Office:
 61-K, Gulberg III, Lahore.

 Ph: 042-35763736, 35773742
 Fax: 042-35763768